ONE IS TOO MANY
--- A REVIEW OF SCHOOL POOL SAFETY PLANS

SUMMARY

In 2008 a student drowned during a physical education class at Atascadero High School. Sadly, while we realize that we cannot bring that student back, it’s possible a safety plan could have prevented that death. The Grand Jury believes that schools offering aquatics as part of their physical education curriculum should take every precaution to ensure the safety of those students. The San Luis Obispo Grand Jury investigated the school districts within San Luis Obispo County to determine if they have School Pool Safety Plans. The Grand Jury found that four school districts within the county offered swimming as part of their physical education curriculum. The Pool Safety plans at those school districts ranged from very extensive to almost non-existent.

INTRODUCTION

Public pools, including school pools, are regulated by the California Health and Safety Codes, the California Building Code and the California Electrical Code in regards to water clarity, lighting, fences and gates, signs, non-slip surfaces, and circulation drains. The State of California does not have a legislative requirement that schools have a comprehensive plan for pool safety. School use of pools for physical education programs are not specifically addressed in the Education Code. However, the Curriculum Standards for Physical Education in Aquatic Sports states,

“A safe environment in Physical Education has two components. The first refers to the physical environment and the need to ensure that the facilities and equipment are safe, staff is prepared to handle emergencies, class size is conducive to providing a safe environment, communication systems are in place so that the physical education teachers can connect quickly to the main office or health office, students use equipment and
facilities in a safe manner and there is proper supervision of all physical activities. The second component refers to the psychological environment and the need to ensure that students feel physically, emotionally, and socially safe during the instructional process.”

In the opinion of this Grand Jury, school pool safety plans should clarify emergency procedures, set standards for teachers and students, reduce liability and perhaps, thereby, save lives.

Atascadero Unified School District, Cayucos Elementary School District, Lucia Mar Unified School District and Paso Robles Public Schools conduct swimming lessons as part of their Physical Education programs. Atascadero Unified School District, Lucia Mar School District and Paso Robles Public Schools offer extra-curricular aquatic sports. In addition, San Luis Coastal School District has swim teams and water polo teams at San Luis Obispo High School and Morro Bay High School as an extra-curricular activity. This Grand Jury has chosen, for the purpose of this report, to focus on those school districts offering swim lessons as part of their Physical Education Curriculum. It would behoove those schools offering extra-curricular aquatic sports to review their safety plans with respect to those sports.

**METHOD**

The Grand Jury contacted the following school districts and requested their school pool safety plans.

- Atascadero Unified School District
- Bellevue-Santa Fe Charter School District
- Cayucos Elementary School District
- Lucia Mar Unified School District
- Paso Robles Public Schools
- Pleasant Valley Joint Unified School District
- San Luis Obispo Coastal School District
- San Miguel
- Union School District
The Grand Jury received school pool safety plans from Atascadero Unified School District, Nipomo High School and Arroyo Grande High School in Lucia Mar Unified School District, Paso Robles Public Schools, and Cayucos Elementary School District. Those schools not responding do not conduct swimming lessons. Atascadero Unified School District sent us a comprehensive plan, while the other school districts sent us much less thorough plans even after repeated requests.

The Grand Jury also interviewed officials from the San Luis Obispo County Department of Public Health and the San Luis Obispo County Office of Education.

**NARRATIVE**

California Health and Safety Code 116043 states,

“This every public swimming pool, including swimming pool structure, appurtenances, operation, source of water supply, amount and quality of water recirculated and in the pool, method of water purification, lifesaving apparatus, measures to insure safety of bathers, and measures to insure personal cleanliness of bathers shall be such that the public swimming pool is at all times sanitary, healthful and safe.”

The San Luis Obispo County Environmental Health Agency enforces the State codes and inspects all public pools annually. They scrutinize water clarity, pH, electrical systems including GFI plugs, drain suction outlet covers, non-slip lane markers and depth markers, fencing and gates, and signage. The Environmental Health Agency inspection provides a good starting point for swimmer safety, but does not address all concerns.

A complete school pool safety plan should include sections regarding personnel, facility safety, student rules and emergency procedures.
1. **Personnel**- There should be a clear line of command listing the responsible parties for ensuring the safety of students. Every instructor should be a credentialed teacher. Current certification in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation is required according to California Health & Safety Code 116033. In addition, it states that persons providing aquatic instruction shall possess current certificates from an American Red Cross or YMCA of the U.S.A. lifeguard training program, or have equivalent qualifications, as determined by the department. An additional lifeguard or responsible person should provide another set of eyes. Each school district should decide on and document their appropriate student to teacher ratio. Attendance should be taken outside of the pool area prior to students entering the pool, and periodically throughout the class. Testing for swimming skill would be helpful. The instructor should have a cell phone readily available. All personnel need to be familiar with emergency procedures.

2. **Facility Safety**- Whether the pool belongs to the school district or another entity, the safety of the facility becomes the school district’s responsibility when students are present. Employee responsibilities should be clearly stated. A checklist would be helpful in determining that the pool, pool decks, ladders, filters and chemical balance of the pool are all in working condition. Pool chemicals must be safely stored in a locked enclosure. Daily testing for chemical balance should be conducted before students enter the pool and a log should be kept. Safety equipment, including flotation devices, a hook, and a first aid kit should be readily available. Annual testing by the County Environmental Health Department is required.

3. **Student Rules** – Student rules must be posted, reviewed with students and should also be sent home to parents. Every school district we contacted had adequate pool rules for students (see Appendix A). Emergency evacuation procedures should be clearly explained.

4. **Emergency Procedures**- In the event of an emergency, a well thought out plan, specific to the pool site, will save much needed time, and can make the difference between life and death. Clear instructions to be followed step by step must be familiar to staff. Flow charts, graphs or written dialogues are helpful. Necessary directions for 911 responders
should be included. Diagrammatic illustrations of artificial respiration procedures shall be posted where clearly visible from the nearby deck.

After setting the parameters for a complete school pool safety plan, the Grand Jury compared the plans submitted by the four schools with swimming as part of their physical education curriculum.

**Atascadero Unified School District**

Atascadero Unified School District’s plan was finalized in September 2008 after a tragic accident. It is very comprehensive. The Atascadero plan outlines the roles of personnel and to whom they report. The Instructor is a certified physical education teacher and oversees that all curriculum and instructional procedures for pool safety are followed. The pool assistant is a responsible person or lifeguard in charge of a swimming group, or supporting the instructor. He or she reports to the instructor, appropriate building personnel or Athletic Director. There is a certified pool operator who tests the chemicals and records results every day the pool is in use. The pool operator also maintains the proper chemical balance and filter systems. The pool operator is responsible for cleaning the pool and ensures that all safety equipment is in place.

The Atascadero plan has a section on maintenance and inspection of the pool. It also includes conditions for closing the pool. Chemical storage and handling procedures are covered.

Rules and regulations are shared with students at the beginning of each swimming unit. Regular school rules are also enforced during all school related activities.

Atascadero requires at least one qualified PE teacher for every 42 students. Class attendance is taken outside the pool area and then checked periodically.

Atascadero has a clear emergency action plan including the message to give to 911 responders. It details the actions to be taken by the instructor and assistant. There is also a list of lifesaving equipment required onsite. Atascadero Unified School District pool safety rules adopted in September of 2008 did not include a requirement for a current first aid and CPR certificate and that a cell phone be with the teacher at all times, but we have been informed that recent versions contain those requirements.
**Lucia Mar Unified School District**

Lucia Mar Unified School District conducts swimming lessons as part of their physical education curriculum at Arroyo Grande High and Nipomo High. They have a flow chart describing the Emergency Action Plan (see Appendix B). It is very complete and specified the steps to be taken in an emergency. Unfortunately, materials requested from Arroyo Grande High School and Nipomo High School does not include the flow chart. Lucia Mar also had thorough student rules for the pool as well as a letter going home to parents describing the swimming curriculum and uniform needs. Lucia Mar was the only school to require pretesting of students to determine their ability level at the start of the course.

**Cayucos Elementary School District**

Cayucos Elementary School has a preliminary plan and has indicated that they are scheduling an overhaul of their school pool safety plan this summer. The Cayucos Lioness Club financially sponsors swimming lessons at the school. The pool is owned by the County of San Luis Obispo and the school relies on them to oversee the safety of the facility. Cayucos Elementary School District does not have a checklist for facility safety including chemical checks, inspection of the pool, pool decks, ladders, diving boards and safety equipment.

**Paso Robles Public Schools**

Paso Robles Public Schools use the Paso Robles City Pool, and sent us the city pool safety plan. Much of the plan addressed city employee policy and does not meet the needs of the school district.

**CONCLUSIONS**

The Grand Jury has found that there are many inconsistencies among the school districts, including some ignoring the CPR practices. The Grand Jury feels ALL schools in San Luis Obispo County who have swimming as part of their physical education program should have a comprehensive school pool safety plan. Atascadero Unified School District is commended for having a thorough plan. Lucia Mar Unified School District needs to incorporate their student rules and Emergency Action Plan flow chart into a complete school pool safety plan that
includes sections on facility inspections and safety and instructor qualifications. Cayucos Elementary School District and Paso Robles Public Schools need to develop comprehensive plans.

**FINDINGS**

1. Atascadero Unified School District’s School Pool Safety Plan, particularly with the recent additions, is a good model policy.

2. Lucia Mar Unified School District has clear rules for student behavior and an excellent Emergency Action Plan flow chart. However, they fail to have a plan for instructor qualifications or facility safety. It is also unclear whether instructors at Arroyo Grande High and Nipomo High are familiar with the Emergency Action Plan flow chart.

3. Cayucos Elementary School District has rules for student behavior. They need to refine their rules for instructor qualifications and develop an emergency action plan. They should work with the County of San Luis Obispo to create a facility safety plan.

4. Paso Robles Public Schools do not have an adequate school pool safety plan. They may choose to adopt the rules from the City of Paso Robles, but should also include an emergency plan specific to school use.

**RECOMMENDATIONS**

1. Lucia Mar Unified School District should develop a school pool safety plan that incorporates their Student Rules and their Emergency Action Plan with Teacher Qualifications and Facility safety.
2. Paso Robles Public Schools should develop their own set of school pool safety plans including sections on instructor qualifications, facility safety, student rules and emergency procedures.


4. Atascadero Unified School District, Lucia Mar Unified School District, Paso Robles Public Schools and Cayucos Elementary School District should all post a copy of this report where it will be available for public review.

**REQUIRED RESPONSES**

Responses to the recommendations are required from the following:

- Atascadero Unified School District – Finding #1, Recommendation #4
- Lucia Mar Unified School District – Finding #2, Recommendation #1, #4
- Paso Robles Public Schools – Finding #3, Recommendation #2, #4
- Cayucos Elementary School District – Finding #4, Recommendation #3, #4

The responses shall be submitted to the Presiding Judge at the San Luis Obispo Superior court by August 30, 2009. Please provide a copy of all responses to the Grand Jury as well.

The mailing addresses for delivery are:

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<tr>
<th>Presiding Judge</th>
<th>Grand Jury</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Presiding Judge Martin Tangeman</td>
<td>San Luis Obispo County Grand Jury</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Superior Court of California</td>
<td>P.O. Box 4910</td>
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<tr>
<td>1035 Palm, Room 385</td>
<td>San Luis Obispo, CA  93408</td>
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2008-2009 San Luis Obispo County Grand Jury
APPENDIX A

Atascadero High School Pool Rules

1. Urinating or blowing the nose in the pool prohibited.
2. No food, drink, or gum, will be allowed in the pool area.
3. No smoking is allowed in the locker rooms or pool area at any time, or anywhere else on school property.
4. Divers should swim straight out of the diving area to the ladders and get out of the water quickly. Swimmers are not allowed in the diving area, only one person at a time on the diving board; waiting divers must wait until the diving area is cleared.
5. No pushing or horseplay in the pool or around the pool area.
6. No jewelry or personal swimming equipment will be taken into the pool unless authorized by the instructor or pool assistant. (masks, fins, etc.)
7. School equipment will not be used without permission of the instructor or pool assistant.
8. Swimmers will not run on or around pool areas or deck.
9. No diving will be allowed in the shallow half of the pool off the deck or off of the starting platforms. Only those competitive swimmers instructed in proper technique will be allowed to use starting platforms in competitive practice or meets.
10. No glass will be allowed in the pool area.
11. The deck of the pool shall be clear of all unused equipment. All equipment must be put away after use. Nothing is to be left around the pool deck.
12. All safety equipment, including first aid kit, shall be readily available and in its proper place at all times.
13. No bather shall enter the pool area unless a qualified instructor or lifeguards is on duty in the immediate pool area.
14. The instructor, pool assistant, and/or lifeguard must always enter the pool area first to secure the area and be the last to leave the pool after checking carefully to see that all are out. No one should enter the water until so instructed by the person(s) in charge of supervision.
15. Head first diving from the pool deck is prohibited in water depths less than eight feet.
16. No sitting on ropes in the pool.